CITY OF MERCER ISLAND

COMMUNITY PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

9611 SE 36TH STREET | MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040

PHONE: 206.275.7605 | www.mercergov.org

Inspection Requests: Online: www.mybuildingpermit.com VM: 206.275.7730



SITE DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION

Worksheet for single family residential development

PROJECT INFORM	1ATION					
Permit Number:		Parcel Number:	935090-0620			
Site Address:	6950 SE MAKER ST	Phone Number:	425.802.1455			
Owner Name:	DOROTHY STRAND	Date:	11 MAY 2022			
Signature & phon	e number of Individual who complete	ed this worksheet:				
JEFFREY ALMETER	Jeffing P. almety	303.903.1783				
	Signature 👫 /	1	Phone Number	•		
GENERAL INFORM	MATION					
	es be removed as a result of this deve		Yes		No	X
Large tree- trees i	with diameter of greater than or equa	al to 10 inches.				
Do you have an A	ccessory Dwelling Unit?	New ADU □	Existing ADU		No	X
Will you be addin	g air conditioning to the proposed de	velopment?	Yes	X	No	
	al square footage of all proposed dovered) on the property?	ecks 233	So	quare	Feet	
This is a worksheet and is not a substitute for the Mercer Island Development Regulations. Please consult the Mercer Island City Code. The City may require additional information to be supplies to document compliance with regulations.						
LOT SLOPE						
piece of land calc	Mercer Island City Code, slope is a me ulated by subtracting the lowest elev- ting number by the shortest horizont lied by 100.	ation of the property	from the highe	st elev	/atior	n and
LOT SLOPE CALCU	JLATIONS					
Highest Elevation	Point of Lot:			242.50	Feet	
Lowest Elevation	Point of Lot:			215.50	Feet	
Elevation Differer	nce:			27	Feet	
Horizontal Distan	ce Between High and Low Points:			133	Feet	
Lot Slope*				20.3	%	
	ope is the elevation difference divided ions shown on Sheet #SURVEY	d by horizontal distanc	e multiplied by	100.		

LOT COVERAGE

For single family residential development, "lot coverage" is the area of a lot that may be covered by a combination of the buildings and vehicular driving surfaces. Lot coverage is based on "net lot area". Net lot area is the size of the lot minus the area within any access easements on the property that do not provide access to the home on the subject lot. The maximum lot coverage for a specific lot is based upon the lots slope (see above). The area of the lot that <u>cannot</u> be used for lot coverage is "required landscaping area"; the landscaping area is typically improved with either hardscape (see below) or softscape.

Please note: Lot coverage is not the same as impervious surface calculations used for drainage review.

Lot Slope	Maximum Lot Coverage (House, driving surfaces, and accessory buildings)	Required Landscaping Area
Less than 15%	40%	60%
15% to less than 30%	35%	65%
30% to 50%	30%	70%
Greater than 50% slope	20%	80%

ADJUSTMENTS

A one-time reduction in the required landscaping area and an increase in the allowed maximum lot coverage is allowed if:

- A. The total reduction in required landscaping area shall not exceed 5%, and the total increase in maximum lot coverage shall not exceed 5%; and
- B. The reduction in required landscaping area is associated with:

Does this project include a proposed adjustment?

- 1. A development proposal that will result in a single-story dwelling with wheelchair accessible entry, and may also include a single-story accessory building; or
- 2. A development proposal on a flag lot that, after optimizing driveway routing and minimizing driveway width, requires a driveway that is more than the 25% of the allowed lot coverage. The allowed reduction in the required landscaping area and increase in the maximum lot coverage shall not exceed 5% or the area of the driveway in excess of 25% of the lot coverage, whichever is less. For example, a development proposal with a driveway that occupies 27% of the allowed lot coverage, may increase the total lot coverage by 2%

Yes

П

No

C. A recorded notice on title, covenant, easement, or other documentation in a form approved by the city, shall be required. The notice on title or other documentation shall describe the basis for the reduced landscaping area an increase in lot coverage.

LOT	COVE	RAGE CALCULATIONS		
A.	Gros	ss Lot Area	8,750	Square Feet
В.	Net	Lot Area	8,750	Square Feet
C.	Allo	wed Lot Coverage Area	3,062.5	Square Feet
D.	D. Allowed Lot Coverage 35			
E.	Exist	ing Lot Coverage:		
	1.	Main Structure Roof Area	3,130	Square Feet
	2.	Accessory Building Roof Area	0	Square Feet
	3.	Vehicular Use (driveway, paved access		
		easements [portion used by the lot for access],		
		parking	1,050	Square Feet
	4.	Covered Patios and Covered Decks	0	Square Feet

	5. Total Existing Lot Coverage Area (E1+E2+E3+E4)	4,180	Square Feet
F.	(Total Lot Coverage Area Removed)	4,580	Square Feet
G.	Proposed Adjustment for Single Story (Area)	0	Square Feet
Н.	Proposed Adjustment for Flag Lot	0	Square Feet
l.	Total New Lot Coverage Area:		
	 Main Structure Roof Area 	1,900	Square Feet
	2. Accessory Structure Roof Area	0	Square Feet
	3. Vehicular Use (driveway, paved access		
	easement [portion used by the lot for access],		
	parking)	823	Square Feet
	Covered Patios and Covered Decks	0	Square Feet
	5. Total New Lot Coverage Area (I1 + I2 + I3 + I4)	2,723	
J.	Total Project Lot Coverage Area = (E5 - F) + I5	2,723	Square Feet
K.	Proposed Lot Coverage Area = (J/B) x 100	31	% of Lot
Lot	overage calculations shown on Plan Sheet #	A1.0	

HARDSCAPE

Up to 9% of the net lot area may consist of hardscape areas. For single family residential development, hardscape is the solid, hard, elements or structures that are incorporated into landscaping. The hardscape includes, but is not limited to, structures, paved areas, stairs, walkways, decks, patios, rockeries and retaining walls, and similar constructed elements that do not have a roof. The hardscape within the landscaping area consists of materials such as wood, stone, concrete, gravel, permeable pavements or pavers, and similar materials. Hardscape does not include solid, hard elements or structures that are covered by a minimum of two feet of soil intended for softscape (for example, a septic tank covered with at least two feet of soil and planted shrubs is not hardscape). The hardscape does not include driving surfaces or buildings. In addition, unused lot coverage may also be improved with hardscape.

HARDSCAPE CALCULATIONS

A.	Gross Lot Area	8,750 Square Fee	
В.	Net Lot Area	8,750 Square Fee	et
C.	Area Borrowed from Lot Coverage	o Square Fee	et
D.	Allowed Hardscape Area = 9% of lot area + C	9 % of Lot	
E.	Allowed Hardscape Area	787.5 Square Fee	et
F.	Total Existing Hardscape Area:		
	Uncovered Decks	o Square Fee	et
	2. Uncovered Patios	542 Square Fee	et
	3. Walkways	404.4 Square Fee	et
	4. Stairs	Square Fee	et
	5. Rockeries and Retaining Walls	234.3 Square Fee	et
	6. Other	o Square Fee	et
	7. Total Existing Hardscape Area		
	(F1+F2+F3+F4+F5+F6)	1,180.7 Square Fee	et
G.	(Total Hardscape Area Removed)	1,180.7 Square Fee	et
Н.	Total New Hardscape Area:		
	 Uncovered Decks 	 Square Fee 	et
	2. Uncovered Patios	o Square Fee	et
	3. Walkways	o Square Fee	et
	4. Stairs	63 Square Fee	et
	5. Rockeries and Retaining Walls	o Square Fee	et
	·		

6. Other	0	Square Feet
7. Total New Hardscape Area		
(H1+H2+H3+H4+H5+H6)	63	Square Feet
I. Total Project Hardscape Area = (F7 - G) + H7	63	Square Feet
J. Total Project Hardscape Area = (I/B)x100	<1	% of Lot
Hardscape calculations shown on Plan Sheet #	A1.0	

GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA)

For single family residential development, GFA is the total square footage of floor area, bounded by the exterior faces of the building(s). The GFA includes the floor area of the main building, accessory buildings, garages, attached roofed decks on the second or third story of a single family home, staircases, etc. The GFA does not include second- or third-story uncovered decks or uncovered rooftop decks.

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Allowed GFA

- A. R-8.4: 5,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- B. R-9.6: 8,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- C. R-12: 10,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- D. R-15: 12,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- E. All zones: Lots with a lot area of 7,500 square feet or less, the lesser of 3,000 square feet or 45% of the lot area.
- F. All zones: If an accessory dwelling unit is proposed, the 40% allowed GFA may be increased by the lesser of 5 percentile points, or the floor area of the accessory dwelling unit. Provided, this allowance shall not result in a GFA of more than 4,500 square feet or 45% of the lot area, whichever is less.

GFA Modifiers

The GFA calculation for a floor with a ceiling height of 12 to 16 feet, is 150% of the area of the floor.

The GFA calculation for a floor with a ceiling height of more than 16 feet, is 200% of the area of the floor.

The GFA calculation for a stair case shall be counted as a single floor for the first two stories accessed by the stair case. For each additional story above two stories, the stair case shall count as a single floor area.

*Floor plans shall identify rooms with a ceiling height of more than 12 feet and rooms with a ceiling height of more than 16 feet.

All building areas must be identified and labeled on the site plan. Please distinguish all new construction from existing areas on both your drawing and in the calculations you complete below.

Will you be excluding a portion of the basement floor area?

Yes ⊠ No □

If yes, you must provide basement floor area calculations, with your building permit application, that show how you determined what portion of the basement will be excluded. Refer to page 6.

GROSS FLOOR AREA CALCULATIONS

Building Area	Existin	g Area	Removed	d Area	New/Addition	n Area	Tota	al
Upper Floor	0	Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.	1,529	Sq. Ft.	1,529	Sq. Ft.
Main Floor	1,828	Sq. Ft.	1,828	Sq. Ft.	1,669	Sq. Ft.	1,669	Sq. Ft.
Gross Basement Area	0	Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.	1,134	Sq. Ft.	1,134	Sq. Ft.
Garage/ Carport	201	Sq. Ft.	201	Sq. Ft.	476	Sq. Ft.	476	Sq. Ft.
Total Floor Area	2,029	Sq. Ft.	2,029	Sq. Ft.	4,808	Sq. Ft.	4,808	Sq. Ft.
Accessory Buildings		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.

Accessory Dwelling Unit	Sq. Ft.	_Sq.	Ft	586	Sq. Ft.	586	Sq. Ft.
2 nd & 3 rd Story Roofed							
Decks	Sq. Ft.	_Sq.	. Ft	66	Sq. Ft.	66	Sq. Ft.
Basement Area	Sq. Ft.	Sq.	Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
Excluded 887	88	7		937.5	_	937.5	
150% GFA Modifier*	Sq. Ft.	Sq.	Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
(main and upper floor							
x2)		_			_		
200% GFA Modifier*	Sq. Ft.	Sq.	Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
(main and upper floor							
x2)					C~ F+		C~ F±
Staircase GFA Modifier* (x2 for a three story	Sq. Ft.	Sq.	Ft.		Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
staircase, x3 for a four							
story staircase)							
	Sq. Ft.	- Sa	Ft	3.936	Sq. Ft.	3.936	Sq. Ft.
*Enter the actual room area		_ 54.			_		34
A. Lot Area						Square Fee	et .
B. Zone R-8.4 🗵	R-9.6 □		R-12		R-15		
C. Allowed Gross Floor Area (ref	fer to "allowed GFA")				Square Fee	et
D. Allowed Gross Floor Area						% of Lot	
E. Proposed Gross Floor Area			Square Feet				et
F. Proposed Gross Floor Area 44.9 % of Lot							
Gross floor area calculations found on Plan Sheet #							
Basement exclusion calculations found on Plan Sheet #							

BUILDING HEIGHT

All building height measurements must be taken from existing grade or finished grade, whichever is lower. Existing grade refers to ground surface as it exists at the proposed building perimeter before grading or other alterations take place. Finished grade refers to the ground surface as it exists at the building perimeter after grading or other alterations take place.

Single family new construction and additions are limited to a maximum height of 30 ft. above the Average Building Elevation (ABE) – see section on next pages. The height is measured to the top of the structure. On the downhill side of a sloping lot, the wall façade height is also limited to a height of 30 feet measured from existing or finished grade (whichever is lower) to the top of the exterior wall facade supporting the roof framing, rafters, trusses, etc.

A topographic survey is required at permit application when the proposed building height is within 2 ft. of the allowable building height. The survey must include a statement that attests the average contour elevation within the vicinity of the building footprint to be accurate within 6 inches vertically and horizontally from actual elevations.

BUILDING HEIGHT CALCULATIONS

A.	Average Building Elevation (ABE) calculations located on sheet #:	A1.0	
В.	Allowable Building Height (ABE + 30 ft.)	263.06′	Feet
C.	Proposed Building Height	±261.43′	Feet
D.	Benchmark Elevation*	230.98	Feet
E.	Describe Benchmark Location (must be undisturbed throughout project)	CATCH BASIN AT SE C	ORNER

F. Sloping lot (Downhill side)- maximum height of top of exterior wall façade above lowest existing grade (30-ft max)

G. ABE and Allowable Building Height Shown on elevations plan sheet #

H. Topo-survey Accuracy Attested on Plan Sheet #

SURVEY

Note: survey must attest to accuracy when proposed building height is within 2 feet of the allowable building height. Please see page 8 for more information on calculating Average Building Elevation (ABE)

*The benchmark elevation is a fixed elevation point on or off site that will not be disturbed during development activity and is used to verify the final building height.

BASEMENT FLOOR AREA CALCULATION

The Mercer Island Development Code allows for the portion of the basement floor area which is below grade to be excluded from the Gross Floor Area. That portion of the basement which will be excluded is calculated as shown:

Portion of Excluded Basement Floor Area = Total Basement Area x

 Σ (Wall Segment Coverage x Wall Segment Length)

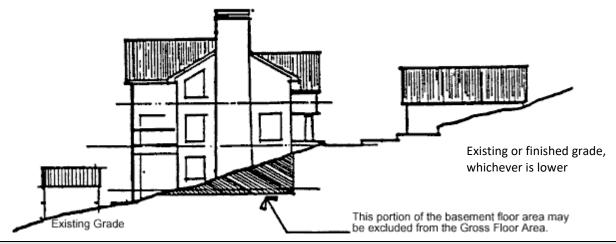
Total of all Wall Segment lengths

Where the terms are defined as follows:

Total Basement Area: The total amount of all basement floor area.

Wall Segment The portion of an exterior wall below existing or finished grade, whichever is lower. It is

Coverage: expressed as a percentage. Refer to example below. **Wall Segment Length:** The horizontal length of each exterior wall in feet.



EXAMPLE OF BASEMENT FLOOR AREA CALCULATION

This example illustrates how a portion of the basement floor area may be excluded from the Gross Floor Area. In order to complete this example, the following information is needed:

- a. A topographic map of the existing (e) grades and showing proposed finished (f) grades.
- b. Building plans showing dimensions of all exterior wall segments and floor areas.
- c. Building elevations showing the location of existing and finished grades in relation to basement level.

Step One

Determine the number and lengths of the Wall Segments.

BEFORE SUBMITTING YOUR CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, CHECK TO SEE THAT YOU HAVE PROVIDED THE INFORMATION BELOW.

	The site plan and the elevation drawings must be drawn to scale, for example $1'' = 20'$, and based on a survey.
_	,
	Clearly show existing topography on your site plan. Topography should be shown in 2' increments.
	Submit (with the site plan) your average building elevation calculations using the formula provided on page
	8.
	Indicate on an elevation drawing where the average building elevation strikes the building and the proposed
	ridge elevation (see below for example).
	Elevation drawings for all sides of the building.
	Indicate on the site plan the elevation of the finished floor or garage slab.
	Indicate the elevation and location of a fixed point (benchmark) within the ADJACENT RIGHT-OF-WAY or
	other point approved by the Building Official. The benchmark elevation and location must be provided and
	cannot be a part of the proposed structure. Note: Benchmark must be established, verified by a licensed
	surveyor and remain during construction so height can be verified when completed.
	For additions, you must provide an average building elevation calculation for the entire structure.
	If a portion of the basement floor area will be excluded from the gross floor area, provide the exclusion
_	calculations with your site plan. The formula for basement area exclusions is shown on page 6.
	Indicate ceiling heights greater than 12' and greater than 16' on floor plans.
_	maleute centing heights greater than 12 and greater than 10 on hoor plans.

CROSS-SECTION REPRESENTATION OF ABE

